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CLAIMS

What is claimed is:

- 1. A composition of matter comprising a polyurethane elastomer prepared by mixing
- 2 A) a polyurethane prepolymer,
- 3 B) a curative, and
- 4 C) a liquid, non-reactive polydimethylsiloxane,
 - wherein C) is present in a concentration of about 0.5 to about 25 % based on the combined weight of A) plus B),

and curing the mixture to form the elastomer.

- The composition of claim 1 wherein the polyurethane prepolymer is prepared from a
 diisocyanate selected from the group consisting of paraphenylene diisocyanate, tolidene
 diisocyanate, isophorone diisocyanate, 4,4'-methylene bis (phenylisocyanate), toluene-2,4diisocyanate, toluene-2,6-diisocyanate, naphthalene-1,5-diisocyanate, diphenyl-4,4'-
- diisocyanate, dibenzyl-4,4'-diisocyanate, stilbene-4,4'-diisocyanate, benzophenone-4,4'-
- diisocyanate, 1,3- and 1,4-xylene diisocyanates, 1,6-hexamethylene diisocyanate, 1,3-
- 7 cyclohexyl diisocyanate, 1,4-cyclohexyl diisocyanate, the three geometric isomers of 1,1'-
- 8 methylene-bis(4-isocyanatocyclohexane), and mixtures of the foregoing.
- 1 3. The composition of claim 2 wherein the diisocyanate is reacted with a polyol selected
- 2 from the group consisting of polyether polyols, polyester polyols, and hydrocarbon polyols,
- 3 having a number average molecular weight of at least 250.

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- 1 4. The composition of claim 3 wherein the polyol is a polyalkyleneether polyol
- 2 represented by the general formula HO(RO)_nH, wherein R is an alkylene radical and n is an
- 3 integer large enough that the polyether polyol has a number average molecular weight of at
- 4 least 250.
- 1 5. The composition of claim 1 wherein the curative is selected from the group consisting
 - of diamines, polyols, and blends thereof having a melting point below 140° C.
- 1 6. The composition of claim 5 wherein the curative is selected from the group consisting
 - of 1,4-butanediol, hydroquinone-bis-hydroxyethyl ether, 1,4-cyclohexane dimethanol,
 - trimethylolpropane, aliphatic tetrols, 4,4'-methylenedianiline, 2,2',5-trichloro-4,4'-
 - methylenediamines, naphthalene-1,5-diamine, ortho, meta, and para-phenylene diamines,
 - toluene-2.4-diamine, dichlorobenzidine, diphenylether-4,4'-diamine, 4,4'-methylene-bis(3-
 - chloroaniline), 4,4'-methylene-bis(3-chloro-2,6-diethylaniline), diethyl toluene diamine, tertiary
- 5 butyl toluene diamine, dimethylthio-toluene diamine, trimethylene glycol di-p-amino-benzoate,
- 8 1,2-bis(2-aminophenylthio)ethane, and methylenedianiline-sodium chloride complex, including
- 9 the derivatives and mixtures of the foregoing.
- A method for producing a polyurethane elastomer comprising the steps of:
- 2 A) mixing:
 - a polyurethane prepolymer,
- 4 2) a curative, in sufficient amount to cure the polyurethane prepolymer,
- 5 and

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- 6 3) a non-reactive, liquid polydimethylsiloxane,
- 7 wherein 3) is present in a concentration of from about 0.5% to about 25% based on 8 the weight of 1) plus 2), and
 - B) curing the polyurethane prepolymer.
 - 8. The method of claim 7 wherein the polyurethane prepolymer is prepared from a diisocyanate selected from the group consisting of paraphenylene diisocyanate, tolidene diisocyanate, isophorone diisocyanate, 4,4'-methylene bis (phenylisocyanate), toluene-2,4-diisocyanate, toluene-2,6-diisocyanate, naphthalene-1,5-diisocyanate, diphenyl-4,4'-diisocyanate, dibenzyl-4,4'-diisocyanate, stilbene-4,4'-diisocyanate, benzophenone-4,4'-diisocyanate, 1,3- and 1,4-xylene diisocyanates, 1,6-hexamethylene diisocyanate, 1,3- cyclohexyl diisocyanate, 1,4-cyclohexyl diisocyanate, the three geometric isomers of 1,1'-methylene-bis(4-isocyanatocyclohexane), and mixtures of the foregoing.
- The method of claim 8 wherein the diisocyanate is reacted with a polyol selected from
 the group consisting of polyether polyols, polyester polyols, and hydrocarbon polyols, having
 a number average molecular weight of at least 250.
- 1 10. The method of claim 9 wherein the polyol is a polyalkyleneether polyol represented by
 2 the general formula HO(RO)_nH, wherein R is an alkylene radical and n is an integer large
 3 enough that the polyether polyol has a number average molecular weight of at least 250.

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- 1 11. The method of claim 7 wherein the curative is selected from the group consisting of
- 2 diamines, polyols, and blends thereof having a melting point below 140° C.
- 1 12. The method of claim 11 wherein the curative is selected from the group consisting of
- 2 1,4-butanediol, hydroquinone-bis-hydroxyethyl ether, 1,4-cyclohexane dimethanol,
- 3 trimethylolpropane, aliphatic tetrols, 4,4'-methylenedianiline, 2,2',5-trichloro-4,4'-
- 4 methylenediamines, naphthalene-1,5-diamine, ortho, meta, and para-phenylene diamines,
- toluene-2,4-diamine, dichlorobenzidine, diphenylether-4,4'-diamine, 4,4'-methylene-bis(3-

 - chloroaniline), 4,4'-methylene-bis(3-chloro-2,6-diethylaniline), diethyl toluene diamine, tertiary
 - butyl toluene diamine, dimethylthio-toluene diamine, trimethylene glycol di-p-amino-benzoate,
 - 1,2-bis(2-aminophenylthio)ethane, and methylenedianiline-sodium chloride complex, including
 - the derivatives and mixtures of the foregoing.
- An article of manufacture comprising a polyurethane elastomer and about 0.5% to
- about 25% based on the weight of the elastomer of a non-reactive, liquid
- 3 polydimethylsiloxane, whereby the abrasion resistance of the article is improved with no
- 4 significant loss in friction.
- 1 14. The article of manufacture of claim 13 wherein the article is a railroad side bearing
- 2 pad.
- The article of manufacture of claim 13 wherein the article is a skate wheel.

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- 1 16. The article of manufacture of claim 13 wherein the article is a tire.
- 1 17. The article of manufacture of claim 13 wherein the article is a track pad.
- 1 18. The article of manufacture of claim 13 wherein the article is an elastomeric friction
- 2 brake.
 - 19. The article of manufacture of claim 13 wherein the article is a scraper blade.